

Sheet 13: Logik (SS 2017)

Bearbeitung in der Übung am 06./07. Juli

Aufgabe 1 Presburger Arithmethik

Let Σ_{PA} be the set of axioms of Presburger-arithmetic as defined in the lecture.

You may assume that: $\Sigma_{PA} \vdash_{\mathcal{F}} 0 + x = x \rightarrow 0 + (x + 1) = x + 1$

Use this to prove the following statement in the deductive system \mathcal{F} :

$$\Sigma_{PA} \vdash_{\mathcal{F}} \forall x. 0 + x = x$$

You can use the deduction theorem and the generalization theorem.

For writing down the proof you can use the same abbreviations as in exercise 3 on sheet 11.

Aufgabe 2 Herbrand-Expansion

Let $S = (\{a/0, b/0, n/0, c/2\}, \{e/2\})$ be a signature and $A \in FO(S)$ defined as:

$$A \equiv \forall x. \forall y. \forall z. e(x, c(x, y)) \wedge (e(x, z) \rightarrow e(x, c(y, z))) \wedge \neg e(a, c(b, c(a, n)))$$

- Describe the domain used by Herbrand structures over the signature S .
- Find formulas A_1, \dots, A_i (with $i \in \mathbb{N}_{\geq 1}$) from the Herbrand-expansion $E(A)$ of A , such that $A_1 \wedge \dots \wedge A_i$ is unsatisfiable.

Aufgabe 3 Konsistenz und Erfüllbarkeit

Prove note 5.12 (b) (which is Note 5.16 (b) in the English translation of the slides from 2014):

A first order theory T is satisfiable, if and only if it is consistent.

Aufgabe 4 Vollständigkeit und Konsistenz

Let Σ be a theory. Show that:

Σ is complete, if and only if there is no closed formula A , such that $\mathcal{T}_{\Sigma \cup \{A\}}$ and $\mathcal{T}_{\Sigma \cup \{\neg A\}}$ are both consistent.

Note:

With this you showed that completeness of a theory means, that it cannot be extended consistently in two different and contradicting ways.